## Senate Bill No. 16

## **CHAPTER 212**

An act to amend Section 11413 of the Penal Code, relating to crime.

[Approved by Governor August 4, 1997. Filed with Secretary of State August 4, 1997.]

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 16, Knight. Crime: terrorizing.

Under existing law, any person who explodes, ignites, or attempts to explode or ignite any destructive device or any explosive, or who commits arson, in or about any of several specified places, for the purpose of terrorizing another or in reckless disregard of terrorizing another is guilty of a felony.

This bill would add to that list of places any public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive. Because the bill would expand the scope of an existing crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

## SECTION 1. Section 11413 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

11413. (a) Any person who explodes, ignites, or attempts to explode or ignite any destructive device or any explosive, or who commits arson, in or about any of the places listed in subdivision (b), for the purpose of terrorizing another or in reckless disregard of terrorizing another is guilty of a felony, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for three, five, or seven years, and a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

- (b) Subdivision (a) applies to the following places:
- (1) Any health facility licensed under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, or any place where medical care is provided by a licensed health care professional.
  - (2) Any church, temple, synagogue, or other place of worship.
- (3) The buildings, offices, and meeting sites of organizations that counsel for or against abortion or among whose major activities are

Ch. 212 — 2 —

lobbying, publicizing, or organizing with respect to public or private issues relating to abortion.

- (4) Any place at which a lecture, film-showing, or other private meeting or presentation that educates or propagates with respect to abortion practices or policies, whether on private property or at a meeting site authorized for specific use by a private group on public property, is taking place.
  - (5) Any bookstore or public or private library.
  - (6) Any building or facility designated as a courthouse.
  - (7) The home or office of a judicial officer.
- (8) Any building or facility regularly occupied by county probation department personnel in which the employees perform official duties of the probation department.
- (9) Any private property, if the property was targeted because of the race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, gender, or sexual orientation of the owner or occupant of the property.
- (10) Any public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive.
- (c) As used in this section, "judicial officer" means a magistrate, judge, justice, commissioner, referee, or any person appointed by a court to serve in one of these capacities, of any state or federal court located in this state.
- (d) As used in this section, "terrorizing" means to cause a person of ordinary emotions and sensibilities to fear for personal safety.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the prosecution of any person pursuant to Section 12303.3 or any other provision of law in lieu of prosecution pursuant to this section.
- SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act shall become operative on the same date that the act takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.